

# Proco Series 230 Rubber Joints

Proco Series 230 Rubber Expansion Joints are designed for piping systems to absorb pipe movements, relieve stress, reduce system noise/vibration, compensate for misalignment/offset and to protect rotating mechanical equipment against start-up surge forces.

The Style 231 and FA231: Single wide-arch product and work horse for industrial applications available in open arch and filled arch configurations. The Style 232 and FA232: Double wide-arch product where more movement is needed. Available in open arch and filled arch configurations. The Style 233 and FA233: Triple wide-arch product where most movement is needed. Available in open arch and filled arch configurations.

# **Features and Benefits:**

#### Absorbs Directional Movement

Thermal movements appear in any rigid pipe system due to temperature changes. The Series 230 wide arch expansion joints allow for axial compression or axial extension, lateral deflection as well as angular and torsional movements. (Note: Rated movements in this publication are based on one plane movements. Multiple movement conditions are based on a multiple movement calculation.)

#### Less Turbulence or Material Entrapment

The Series 230 expansion joints are manufactured with the integral rubber flange joining the body at a true 90° angle. This ensures the product will install snug against the mating pipe flange free of voids creating less turbulence in the pipe system. The Series 230 is also available with a filled arch for applications that have 20% or more solids in the process.

#### Absorbs Vibration, Noise and Shock

The Proco Series 230 rubber expansion joints effectively dampen and insulate downstream piping against the transmission of noise and vibration generated by mechanical equipment. Noise and vibrations caused by equipment can cause stress in pipe, pipe guides, anchors and other equipment downstream. The Series 230 expansion joints will help relieve noise and vibration occurrences in a pipe system. Water hammer and pumping impulses can also cause strain, stress or shock to a piping system. Install the Series 230 to help compensate for these system pressure spikes.

#### Compensates for Misalignment

Rubber expansion joints are commonly used by contractors and plant personnel to allow for slight pipe misalignment during installation of new piping and or replacement applications. (Although rubber expansion joints can be made with permanent offsets, it is suggested that piping misalignments be limited to no more than 1/8" per the Fluid Sealing Association Piping Expansion Technical Handbook www.fluidsealing.com.)

#### Wide Service Range and Less Weight

Engineered to operate up to 200 PSIG (nominal size dependent) <u>Or</u> up to 250°F (elastomer dependent), the Series 230 can be specified for a wide range of piping system requirements. The Series 230 rubber expansion joints are constructed in various elastomers with rubber impregnated polyester tire cord and reinforced with wire to create a product with greater operating performance.

Notes:

#### Material Identification

All Series 230 expansion joints are strip branded with cure dates and elastomer designations.

All Neoprene Tube/Neoprene Cover (NN) and Nitrile Tube/Neoprene Cover (NP) elastomer designated joints meet the Coast Guard Requirements and conform to ASTM F 1123-87. EE-NSF/61 - ANSI/NSF Standard 61 standards were develope by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF), and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and relates to water treatment which establishes stringent requirements for the control of equipment that comes in contact with either potable water or products that support the production of potable water

#### Large Inventory

Proco Products, Inc. maintains one of the largest inventories of rubber expansion joints in the world. Please contact us for price and availability.

### Protecting Piping and Equipment Systems from Stress/Motion

Information subject to change without notice.

	Table 1:	Availa	ble Mate	rials • Te	mpera	tures
d	For Specific Ch Compatibilities,	emical , See <b>: P</b> F	ROCO "Cher	nical To Elas	tomer G	uide″
	Material Code	Cover <sup>1,2</sup> Elastomer	Tube <sup>1,2</sup> Elastomer	Maximum Operating Temp. ℉ (℃)	Branding Label Color	F.S.A. Material Class
	BB	Chlorobutyl	Chlorobutyl	250° (121°)	Black	STD. III
	EE	EPDM	EPDM	250° (121°)	Red	STD. III
	EE-NSF61 <sup>6</sup>	EPDM	EPDM	250° (121°)	Red	STD. III
	EQ	EPDM	FDA-EPDM	250° (121°)	Red <sup>3</sup>	STD. II
	NH	Neoprene	CSM	212° (100°)	Green	STD. II
	NN	Neoprene	Neoprene	225° (107°)	Blue	STD. II
	NF	Neoprene	FDA-Neoprene	225° (107°)	Blue <sup>3</sup>	STD. II
	NP	Neoprene	Nitrile	212° (100°)	Yellow	STD. II
	NR	Neoprene	Natural Rubber	180° (82°)	White	STD. I
	NG	Neoprene	Natural Gum	180° (82°)	Tan	STD. I

All Products are reinforced with Polyester Tire Cord

- 1. Expansion Joint "Cover" can be coated with CSM UV Resistant Coating. 2. All NN & NP elastomer designated joints meet the Coast Guard Requirements
- All NN & NP elastomer designated joints meet the Coast Guard Requirements and conform to ASTM F 1123-87 and are marked accordingly.
- 3. Branding Label will be marked as "Food Grade".
- 4. All elastomers above are not intended for steam service
- 5. BB or EE are good for 300°F blower service at 20 PSI or less.
- 6. EE-NSF/61 UL Classified Water Quality

# Style 231 Performance Data

Tabl	le 2: Si	zes	Mo	/emei	nts •	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s•We	ights				
Evnan	Expansion Joint Size Nom. I.D.					ment Cap osition (N	lon-Conc			perating ditions		lk	Weights os / (kgs	
S	Size	Ler	tral 10 1gth (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor <sup>7</sup> In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg)®	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
1	(25)	6	(152)	<b>0.6</b> (20)	<b>0.4</b> (10)	<b>0.5</b> (12)	50.4	2	<b>5.31</b> (35)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>2.0</b> (0.8)	<b>2.0</b> (0.8)	<b>2.3</b> (1.0)
1.25	(32)	6	(152)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.4</b> (10)	<b>0.5</b> (12)	43.1	2	6.38 (42)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	2.5 (1.1)	2.5 (1.1)	<b>2.3</b> (1.0)
1.5	(40)	6	(152)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.4</b> (10)	<b>0.5</b> (12)	38.1	2	7.55 (49)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	3.0 (1.4)	2.5 (1.1)	<b>2.3</b> (1.0)
2	(50)	6 7 8 9 10 12	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>0.7</b> (17)	<b>0.6</b> (16)	34.2	2	<b>12.57</b> (81)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
2.5	(65)	6 7 8 9 10 12	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>0.7</b> (17)	<b>0.6</b> (16)	27.6	2	<b>15.90</b> (103)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>4.5</b> (2.0)	<b>4.5</b> (2.0)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
3	(80)	6 7 8 9 10 12	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>0.7</b> (17)	<b>0.6</b> (16)	23.0	2	<b>19.64</b> (127)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>5.5</b> (2.5)	<b>5.5</b> (2.5)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
4	(100)	6 7 8 9 10 12	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>0.7</b> (17)	<b>0.6</b> (16)	18.8	2	<b>28.27</b> (182)	<b>200</b> (14)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
5	(125)	6 7 8 9 10 12	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.7</b> (18)	15.2	2	<b>43.01</b> (277)	<b>190</b> (13)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>9.0</b> (4.1)	<b>8.5</b> (3.9)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)

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# Style 231 Performance Data continued...

Tab	le 2: Si	zes	• Mo	veme	nts •	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s • We	ights				
						ment Cap osition (N				perating aditions	3		Weights s / (kgs)	4
No	sion Joint Size m. I.D. / (mm)	Ler	tral <sup>10</sup> 1gth ' (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor <sup>7</sup> In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg) <sup>8</sup>	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
6	(65)	6 7 8 9 10 12	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.7</b> (18)	12.8	2	<b>55.42</b> (358)	<b>190</b> (13)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>11.0</b> (5.0)	<b>9.5</b> (4.3)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)
8	(80)	6 7 8 9 10 12 14	(152) (178) (203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.7</b> (18)	9.7	2	<b>89.95</b> (580)	<b>190</b> (13)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>15.0</b> (6.8)	<b>14.5</b> (6.6)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)
10	(100)	8 9 10 12 14	(203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.7</b> (18)	9.1	2	<b>120.76</b> (779)	<b>190</b> (13)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>23.0</b> (10.4)	<b>17.0</b> (7.7)	<b>10.0</b> (4.5)
12	(125)	8 9 10 12 14	(203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	7.6	2	<b>172.03</b> (1110)	<b>190</b> (13)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>34.0</b> (15.4)	<b>24.5</b> (11.0)	<b>10.0</b> (4.5)
14	(150)	<mark>8</mark> 9 10 12 14	(203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	6.5	2	<b>221.67</b> (1430)	<b>130</b> (9.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>40.0</b> (18.1)	<b>27.0</b> (12.3)	<b>12.0</b> (5.4)
16	(400)	<mark>8</mark> 9 10 12 14	(203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	5.7	2	<b>277.59</b> (1791)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>47.0</b> (21.3)	<b>33.5</b> (15.2)	<b>15.0</b> (6.8)
18	(450)	8 9 10 12 14	(203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	5.1	2	<b>339.80</b> (2192)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>56.0</b> (25.4)	<b>34.0</b> (15.5)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)
20	(500)	8 9 10 12 14	(203) (229) (254) (305) (356)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	5.7	2	<b>408.28</b> (2634)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>67.0</b> (30.4)	<b>38.0</b> (17.3)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)

Tab	e 2: Si	zes	• Mo	vemer	nts •	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s•We	ights				
						ment Cap osition (N	-			perating aditions			Weights s / (kgs)	
Nor	sion Joint Size n. I.D. / (mm)	Ler	tral <sup>10</sup> 1gth / (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor <sup>7</sup> In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg)®	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
22	(550)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	5.2	2	<b>498.76</b> (3218)	<b>100</b> (7.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>70.0</b> (31.8)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)	<b>19.0</b> (8.6)
24	(600)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	4.8	2	<b>581.76</b> (3749)	<b>100</b> (7.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>79.0</b> (35.8)	<b>48.0</b> (21.8)	<b>20.0</b> (9.0)
26	(650)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	4.4	2	<b>669.66</b> (4320)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>100.0</b> (45.4)	<b>51.0</b> (23.1)	<b>20.0</b> (9.0)
28	(700)	10 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	4.1	2	<b>764.54</b> (4933)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>102.0</b> (46.3)	<b>55.0</b> (25.0)	<b>28.0</b> (12.6)
30	(750)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	2.2	2	<b>865.70</b> (5585)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>117.0</b> (53.1)	<b>63.0</b> (28.6)	<b>29.5</b> (13.3)
32	(800)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	3.6	2	<b>973.14</b> (6278)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>120.0</b> (54.4)	<b>68.0</b> (30.8)	<b>33.0</b> (14.9)
34	(850)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	3.4	2	<b>1086.87</b> (7012)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>122.0</b> (55.3)	<b>72.0</b> (32.7)	<b>43.0</b> (19.5)
36	(900)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	3.2	2	1 <b>206.87</b> (7786)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>143.0</b> (64.9)	<b>76.0</b> (34.5)	<b>43.0</b> (19.5)
38	(950)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	3.0	2	<b>1333.16</b> (8601)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>162.0</b> (73.5)	<b>86.0</b> (39.0)	<b>43.0</b> (19.5)
40	(1000)	<mark>10</mark> 12 14	(254) (305) (356)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.0</b> (25)	<b>0.9</b> (23)	2.9	2	<b>1465.74</b> (9456)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>173.0</b> (78.5)	<b>100.0</b> (45.5)	<b>43.0</b> (19.5)
42	(1050)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	3.3	2	<b>1661.90</b> (10722)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>193.0</b> (87.5)	<b>100.0</b> (45.5)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)
44	(1100)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	3.1	2	<b>1809.56</b> (11675)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>198.0</b> (89.8)	<b>104.0</b> (37.2)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)
46	(1150)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	<b>1.1</b> (28)	3.0	2	<b>1963.50</b> (12668)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>205.0</b> (93.0)	<b>127.0</b> (57.6)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)

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# Style 231 Performance Data continued...

Tab	e 2: Si	zes	• Mo	vemei	nts • I	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s•We	ights				
						ment Cap osition (N	-			perating aditions	3	Ib	Weights s / (kgs)	4
Noi	sion Joint Size n. I.D. / (mm)	Ler	tral <sup>10</sup> 1gth ⁄ (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor <sup>7</sup> In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg)®	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
48	(1200)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.9	2	<b>2123.72</b> (13700)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>211.0</b> (95.7)	<b>132.0</b> (59.9)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)
50	(1250)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.8	2	<b>2290.72</b> (14776)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>240.0</b> (108.8)	<b>134.0</b> (60.0)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)
52	(1300)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.6	2	<b>2463.00</b> (15890)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>256.0</b> (116.1)	<b>136.0</b> (61.7)	<b>60.0</b> (27.0)
54	(1350)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.6	2	<b>2715.47</b> (17519)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>265.0</b> (120.1)	<b>150.0</b> (68.0)	<b>63.0</b> (28.6)
56	(1400)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.5	2	<b>2903.33</b> (18731)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>288.0</b> (130.6)	<b>165.0</b> (70.8)	<b>63.0</b> (28.6)
58	(1450)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.4	2	<b>3097.48</b> (19984)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>300.0</b> (136.1)	<b>190.0</b> (86.2)	<b>66.2</b> (30.0)
60	(1500)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.3	2	<b>3297.92</b> (21277)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>310.0</b> (140.6)	<b>200.0</b> (90.7)	<b>68.3</b> (31.2)
66	(1650)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.1	2	<b>3936.92</b> (25399)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>350.0</b> (158.7)	<b>240.0</b> (108.8)	<b>71.0</b> (32.2)
68	(1700)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	2.0	2	<b>4162.48</b> (26855)	<b>70</b> (5.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>368.8</b> (166.9)	<b>227.0</b> (103.0)	<b>76.3</b> (34.6)
72	(1800)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.9	2	<b>4632.47</b> (29887)	<b>70</b> (5.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>390.0</b> (176.9)	<b>290.0</b> (131.5)	<b>87.0</b> (39.4)
78	(1950)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.8	2	<b>5410.60</b> (34907)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>410.0</b> (186.0)	<b>315.0</b> (142.9)	<b>103.0</b> (46.7)
84	(2100)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.6	2	<b>6221.13</b> (40136)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>440.0</b> (200.0)	<b>350.0</b> (158.0)	<b>113.0</b> (51.3)
90	(2250)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.6	2	<b>7088.11</b> (45730)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>448.0</b> (203.1)	<b>363.0</b> (164.6)	<b>125.0</b> (56.7)
96	(2400)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.4	2	<b>8011.85</b> (51689)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>466.0</b> (211.3)	<b>367.0</b> (170.5)	<b>125.0</b> (56.7)
102	(2550)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.3	2	<b>8992.02</b> (58013)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>485.8</b> (220.0)	<b>395.0</b> (179.1)	<b>137.0</b> (62.1)
108	(2700)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.2	2	<b>10028.75</b> (64702)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>510.0</b> (231.3)	<b>425.0</b> (192.7)	<b>139.0</b> (63.0)
120	(3000)	<mark>12</mark> 14	(305) (356)	<b>2.3</b> (57)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	1.1 (28)	1.1	2	<b>12271.84</b> (79173)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>540.0</b> (244.9)	<b>565.0</b> (256.2)	<b>151.0</b> (65.8)

Neutral lengths in RED are the recommended minimum lengths.

Metric Conversion Formula: Nominal I.D. : in. x 25 = mm; Neutral length: in. x 25.4 = mm

#### NOTES:

- Concurrent Movements Concurrent movements are developed when two or more movements in a pipe system occur at the same time. If multiple movements exceed single arch design there may be a need for additional arches. To perform calculation for concurrent movement when a pipe system design has more than one movement, please use the following formula: <u>Actual Axial Compression</u> + <u>Actual Axial Extension</u> + <u>Actual Lateral (X)</u> + <u>Actual Lateral (Y)</u> Rated Axial Compression + <u>Rated Axial Extension</u> + <u>Rated Lateral (X)</u> + <u>Rated Lateral (Y)</u> *Calculation must be equal to or less than* 1 for expansion joint to operate within concurrent movement capability.
- 2. Filled Arch Rubber Expansion Joints Known as Style FA 231. The Series FA230 rubber expansion joints should be selected when there are 20% or more solids being conveyed in the pipe system. The filled arch products are manufactured with seamless tube filled with a lower durometer rubber in the arch core. The filled arch product will have a 50% reduced movement capability from the information provided in Table 2.
- 3. Pressure rating is based on 170° F operating temperature with a 4:1 safety factor. At higher temperatures, the pressure rating is reduced slightly. Hydrostatic testing at 1.5 times rated maximum catalogue pressure or design working pressure of pipe system for 10 minutes is available upon request.
- 4. Weights are approximate and vary due to length.
- 5. The degree of angular movement is based on the maximum rated extension.
- 6. Torsional movement is expressed when the expansion joint is at neutral length.
- 7. Calculation of Thrust (Thrust Factor). When expansion joints are installed in the pipeline, the static portion of the thrust is calculated as a product of the area of the I.D. of the arch of the expansion joint times the maximum pressure (design, test or surge) that will occur in the line. The result is a force expressed in pounds. Take Design, surge or test pressure X thrust factor to calculate end thrust.
- 8. Parts listed at 26" Hg / 660 mm Hg vacuum have a design rating of 30" Hg / 762 mm Hg (full vacuum). Vacuum rating is based on neutral installed length, without external load. Products should not be installed "extended" on vacuum applications.
- 9. Limit rod unit weight consists of one rod with washers, nuts and two limit rod plates. Multiply number of limit rods needed for the application (as specified in the Fluid Sealing Association's Technical Handbook, Seventh Edition or table 4 in this manual) to determine correct weights.
- 10. Shorter neutral lengths available in style 221 for sizes 10", 12", 24" & 30".



### "Effective Area" \_\_\_\_\_\_ Thrust Factor= $T = \frac{\pi}{4} (D)^2$ , (P) P= PS

T= Thrust P= PSI (Design, Test or Surge) D= A<u>rch I.D.</u>\_\_\_\_\_



# Style 232 Performance Data

Tabl	e 3: Si	zes	• Mo	/emei	nts • I	Desig	n Pre	ssure	5 • We	eights				
						ment Cap osition (N	-			) perating onditions	3	16	Weights s / (kgs) <sup>,</sup>	a
S	sion Joint Size n. I.D. / (mm)	Ler	vtral ngth ⁄ (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor <sup>7</sup> In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg)®	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
1.5	(40)	10	(254)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>0.8</b> (20)	<b>0.9</b> (24)	58.0	2	<b>7.44</b> (48)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>3.0</b> (1.4)	<b>2.5</b> (1.1)	<b>2.3</b> (1.0)
2	(50)	10	(254)	<b>2.8</b> (70)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>1.2</b> (32)	58.0	2	<b>12.40</b> (80)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
2.5	(65)	10	(254)	<b>2.8</b> (70)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>1.2</b> (32)	47.4	2	<b>15.66</b> (101)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>4.5</b> (2.0)	<b>4.5</b> (2.0)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
3	(80)	10	(254)	<b>2.8</b> (70)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>1.2</b> (32)	42.2	2	<b>19.36</b> (125)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>6.0</b> (2.7)	<b>5.5</b> (4.3)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
4	(100)	10	(254)	<b>2.8</b> (70)	<b>1.4</b> (35)	<b>1.2</b> (32)	34.2	2	<b>27.90</b> (180)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>8.5</b> (3.9)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)	<b>2.8</b> (1.3)
5	(125)	10	(254)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.4</b> (36)	28.6	2	<b>38.13</b> (246)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>9.5</b> (4.3)	<b>8.5</b> (3.9)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)
6	(150)	<mark>10</mark> 12	(254) (305)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	1.4 (36)	24.4	2	<b>49.91</b> (322)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>11.5</b> (5.2)	<b>9.5</b> (4.3)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)
8	(200)	10 12	(254) (305)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	1.4 (36)	18.8	2	<b>77.97</b> (503)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>16.0</b> (7.3)	14.5 (6.6)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)
10	(250)	14	(356)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.4</b> (36)	17.8	2	<b>119.97</b> (774)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>29.0</b> (13.2)	<b>17.0</b> (7.7)	<b>10.0</b> (4.5)
12	(300)	14	(356)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	14.9	2	<b>161.98</b> (1045)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>36.0</b> (16.3)	<b>24.5</b> (11.0)	<b>10.0</b> (4.5)
14	(350)	14 16	(356) (406)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	12.9	2	<b>210.18</b> (1356)	<b>130</b> (9.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>44.0</b> (20.0)	<b>27.0</b> (12.3)	<b>12.0</b> (5.4)
16	(400)	14 16	(356) (406)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	11.3	2	<b>264.74</b> (1708)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>53.0</b> (24.0)	<b>33.5</b> (15.2)	<b>15.0</b> (6.8)
18	(450)	14 16	(356) (406)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	10.1	2	<b>325.50</b> (2100)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>61.0</b> (27.7)	<b>34.0</b> (15.5)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)
20	(500)	14 16	(356) (406)	<b>3.2</b> (80)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	<b>1.6</b> (40)	9.1	2	<b>392.62</b> (2533)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>73.0</b> (33.1)	<b>38.0</b> (17.2)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)
24	(600)	16	(406)	<b>4.0</b> (100)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.8</b> (46)	9.5	2	<b>562.03</b> (3626)	<b>100</b> (7.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>88.0</b> (40.0)	<b>48.0</b> (21.8)	<b>20.0</b> (9.1)
30	(750)	16	(406)	<b>4.0</b> (102)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.8</b> (46)	7.6	2	<b>842.27</b> (5434)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>127.0</b> (57.6)	<b>63.0</b> (28.6)	<b>29.5</b> (13.3)
34	(850)	16	(406)	<b>4.0</b> (102)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.8</b> (46)	6.7	2	<b>1060.51</b> (6842)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>134.8</b> (60.8)	<b>72.0</b> (32.7)	<b>43.0</b> (19.5)
36	(900)	16	(406)	<b>4.0</b> (102)	<b>2.0</b> (50)	<b>1.8</b> (46)	6.3	2	<b>1179.09</b> (7607)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>156.0</b> (70.8)	<b>76.0</b> (34.5)	<b>45.0</b> (20.4)
42	(1050)	16	(406)	<b>4.8</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.2</b> (56)	6.5	2	<b>1628.28</b> (10505)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>211.0</b> (95.7)	<b>100.0</b> (45.4)	<b>47.0</b> (21.3)
48	(1200)	16	(406)	<b>4.8</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.2</b> (56)	5.7	2	<b>2085.53</b> (13455)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>222.8</b> (101.0)	<b>132.0</b> (59.9)	<b>49.0</b> (22.2)

Neutral lengths in RED are the recommended minimum lengths.

Metric Conversion Formula: Nominal I.D. : in. x 25 = mm; Neutral length: in. x 25.4 = mm

Tabl	e 3: Si	zes	Μον	/emen	nts •	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s•Wei	ghts				
F	sion laint					ment Cap osition (N				erating ditions <sup>3</sup>			Weights s / (kgs)	4
S Nor	sion Joint Size n. I.D. / (mm)	Lei	vtral 1gth ⁄ (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor 7 In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg) <sup>8</sup>	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
54	(1350)	16	(406)	<b>4.8</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.2</b> (56)	5.0	2	<b>2599.53</b> (16770)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>281.5</b> (127.7)	<b>150.0</b> (162.7)	<b>67.0</b> (30.4)
60	(1500)	18	(450)	<b>4.8</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.2</b> (56)	4.5	2	<b>3208.97</b> (20703)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>358.7</b> (162.7)	<b>200.0</b> (90.7)	<b>72.0</b> (32.7)
66	(1650)	18	(450)	<b>4.8</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.2</b> (56)	4.1	2	<b>3839.51</b> (24771)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>419.0</b> (190.1)	<b>240.0</b> (108.8)	<b>75.0</b> (34.0)
72	(1800)	18	(450)	<b>4.8</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.2</b> (56)	3.8	2	<b>4526.62</b> (29244)	<b>70</b> (5.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>478.8</b> (217.2)	<b>290.0</b> (131.5)	<b>94.0</b> (42.6)
78	(1950)	18	(450)	<b>4.5</b> (112)	<b>2.5</b> (64)	<b>2.0</b> (51)	5.2	2	<b>5410.60</b> (34907)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>754.0</b> (342.0)	<b>315.0</b> (142.9)	<b>111.0</b> (50.3)
84	(2100)	18	(450)	<b>4.5</b> (112)	<b>2.5</b> (64)	<b>2.0</b> (51)	4.6	2	<b>6221.13</b> (40136)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>819.0</b> (371.5)	<b>350.0</b> (158.0)	<b>121.0</b> (54.9)
96	(2400)	18	(450)	<b>4.5</b> (112)	<b>2.5</b> (64)	<b>2.0</b> (51)	4.0	2	<b>8011.85</b> (51689)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>1300.0</b> (589.7)	<b>367.0</b> (170.5)	<b>134.0</b> (60.8)
108	(2700)	18	(450)	<b>4.5</b> (112)	<b>2.5</b> (64)	<b>2.0</b> (51)	3.4	2	<b>10029.75</b> (64702)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>1462.0</b> (663.2)	<b>425.0</b> (192.7)	<b>153.0</b> (69.4)
120	(3000)	18	(450)	<b>4.5</b> (112)	<b>2.5</b> (64)	<b>2.0</b> (51)	3.0	2	1 <b>2271.84</b> (79173)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>1820.0</b> (825.5)	<b>565.0</b> (256.2)	<b>167.0</b> (75.7)

#### NOTES:

1. Concurrent Movements - Concurrent movements are developed when two or more movements in a pipe system occur at the same time.

If multiple movements exceed single arch design there may be a need for additional arches.

To perform calculation for concurrent movement when a pipe system design has more than one movement, please use the following formula:

<u>Actual Axial Compression</u> + <u>Actual Axial Extension</u> + <u>Actual Lateral (X)</u> + <u>Actual Lateral (Y)</u>

Rated Axial Compression + Rated Axial Extension + Rated Lateral (X) + Rated Lateral (Y)

Calculation must be equal to or less than 1 for expansion joint to operate within concurrent movement capability.

- 2. Filled Arch Rubber Expansion Joints Known as Style FA 232. The Series FA230 rubber expansion joints should be selected when there are 20% or more solids being conveyed in the pipe system. The filled arch products are manufactured with seamless tube filled with a lower durometer rubber in the arch core. The filled arch product will have a 50% reduced movement capability from the information provided in Table 3.
- 3. Pressure rating is based on 170° F operating temperature with a 4:1 safety factor. At higher temperatures, the pressure rating is reduced slightly. Hydrostatic testing at 1.5 times rated maximum catalogue pressure or design working pressure of pipe system for 10 minutes is available upon request.
- 4. Weights are approximate and vary due to length.
- 5. The degree of angular movement is based on the maximum rated extension.
- 6. Torsional movement is expressed when the expansion joint is at neutral length.
- 7. Calculation of Thrust (Thrust Factor). When expansion joints are installed in the pipeline, the static portion of the thrust is calculated as a product of the area of the I.D. of the arch of the expansion joint times the maximum pressure (design, test or surge) that will occur in the line. The result is a force expressed in pounds. Take Design, surge or test pressure X thrust factor to calculate end thrust.
- 8. Parts listed at 26" Hg / 660 mm Hg vacuum have a design rating of 30" Hg / 762 mm Hg (full vacuum). Vacuum rating is based on neutral installed length, without external load. Products should not be installed "extended" on vacuum applications.
- 9. Limit rod unit weight consists of one rod with washers, nuts and two limit rod plates. Multiply number of limit rods needed for the application (as specified in the Fluid Sealing Association's Technical Handbook, Seventh Edition or table 4 in this manual) to determine correct weights.

## "Effective Area" Thrust Factor= $T = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} (D)^2$ , (P)

T= Thrust P= PSI (Design, Test or Surge) D= Arch I.D.



8

# Style 233 Performance Data

Tabl	e 4: Si	zes	• Mo	/emei	nts •	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s•W	eight	5			
						nent Cap osition (N	-			Operating onditions			Weights bs / (kgs	
S Nor	sion Joint Size n. I.D. / (mm)	Ler	utral 1gth ⁄ (mm)	Axial Compression Inch/(mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor <sup>7</sup> In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg)®	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
1.5	(40)	14	(356)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>1.2</b> (30)	<b>1.4</b> (36)	67.4	2	<b>7.44</b> (48)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)	<b>2.5</b> (1.1)	<b>6.0</b> (2.7)
2	(50)	14	(356)	<b>4.1</b> (105)	<b>2.0</b> (52)	<b>1.9</b> (48)	63.9	2	<b>12.40</b> (80)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>5.5</b> (2.5)	<b>4.0</b> (1.8)	<b>7.0</b> (3.2)
2.5	(65)	14	(356)	<b>4.1</b> (105)	<b>2.0</b> (52)	<b>1.9</b> (48)	58.5	2	<b>15.66</b> (101)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>6.0</b> (2.7)	<b>4.5</b> (2.0)	<b>7.0</b> (3.2)
3	(80)	14	(356)	<b>4.1</b> (105)	<b>2.0</b> (52)	<b>1.9</b> (48)	53.4	2	<b>19.38</b> (125)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>7.0</b> (3.2)	<b>5.5</b> (4.3)	<b>7.3</b> (3.4)
4	(100)	14	(356)	<b>4.1</b> (105)	<b>2.0</b> (52)	<b>1.9</b> (48)	45.6	2	<b>27.90</b> (180)	<b>200</b> (14.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>9.0</b> (4.1)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)
5	(125)	14	(356)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.1</b> (54)	39.2	2	<b>38.13</b> (246)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>11.0</b> (5.0)	<b>8.5</b> (3.9)	<b>8.0</b> (3.6)
6	(150)	<mark>14</mark> 16	(356) (406)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.1</b> (54)	34.2	2	<b>49.91</b> (322)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>13.5</b> (6.1)	<b>9.5</b> (4.3)	<b>12.0</b> (5.4)
8	(200)	<mark>14</mark> 16	(356) (406)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.1</b> (54)	27.0	2	<b>77.97</b> (503)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>18.0</b> (8.2)	14.5 (6.6)	<b>12.0</b> (5.4)
10	(250)	18	(457)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.1</b> (54)	25.6	2	<b>119.97</b> (774)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>31.0</b> (14.1)	<b>17.0</b> (7.7)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)
12	(300)	18	(457)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	25.6	2	<b>161.98</b> (1045)	<b>190</b> (13.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>40.0</b> (18.1)	<b>24.5</b> (11.0)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)
14	(350)	<mark>18</mark> 20	(457) (508)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	18.9	2	<b>210.18</b> (1356)	<b>130</b> (9.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>48.5</b> (22.0)	<b>27.0</b> (12.3)	<b>16.0</b> (7.2)
16	(400)	<mark>18</mark> 20	(457) (508)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	16.7	2	<b>264.74</b> (1708)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>55.0</b> (24.0)	<b>33.5</b> (15.2)	<b>20.0</b> (9.1)
18	(450)	18 20	(457) (508)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	14.9	2	<b>325.50</b> (2100)	115 (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>66.0</b> (27.7)	<b>34.0</b> (15.5)	<b>21.0</b> (9.5)
20	(500)	18 20	(457) (508)	<b>4.7</b> (120)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	<b>2.4</b> (60)	13.5	2	<b>392.62</b> (2533)	<b>115</b> (8.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>78.0</b> (35.4)	<b>38.0</b> (17.2)	<b>21.0</b> (9.5)
24	(600)	20	(508)	<b>6.0</b> (150)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	<b>2.7</b> (69)	14.0	2	<b>562.03</b> (3626)	<b>100</b> (7.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>91.5</b> (41.5)	<b>48.0</b> (21.8)	<b>32.0</b> (14.5)
30	(750)	20	(508)	<b>6.0</b> (150)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	<b>2.7</b> (69)	11.3	2	<b>842.27</b> (5434)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>131.0</b> (59.4)	<b>63.0</b> (28.6)	<b>32.0</b> (14.5)
36	(900)	20	(508)	<b>6.0</b> (150)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	<b>2.7</b> (69)	9.5	2	(3434) 1179.09 (7607)	<b>90</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	(57.4) <b>157.0</b> (71.2)	<b>76.0</b> (34.5)	<b>43.0</b> (19.5)
42	(1050)	22	(559)	<b>7.2</b> (180)	<b>3.6</b> (90)	<b>3.3</b> (84)	6.5	2	(10505)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>242.0</b> (109.8)	(34.3) <b>100.0</b> (45.4)	<b>50.0</b> (22.7)
48	(1200)	22	(559)	<b>7.2</b> (180)	(70) <b>3.6</b> (90)	<b>3.3</b> (84)	5.7	2	<b>2085.53</b> (13455)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>257.0</b> (116.6)	<b>132.0</b> (59.9)	<b>52.0</b> (23.6)

Neutral lengths in RED are the recommended minimum lengths.

Metric Conversion Formula: Nominal I.D. : in. x 25 = mm; Neutral length: in. x 25.4 = mm

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Tabl	e 4: Si	zes •	Mov	vemer	nts •	Desig	n Pre	ssure	s•Wei	ghts				
Exman	tion loint					ment Cap osition (N				erating ditions <sup>3</sup>		lb	Weights s / (kgs)	4
S Nor	sion Joint Size n. I.D. / (mm)	Ler	vtral 1gth ⁄ (mm)	Axial Compression Inch / (mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular Deflection <sup>5</sup> (Degrees)	Torsional Rotation <sup>6</sup> (Degrees)	Thrust Factor 7 In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg / (mm of Hg) <sup>8</sup>	Expansion Joint	Retaining Ring Set	Control Rod Assembly <sup>9</sup>
54	(1350)	22	(559)	<b>7.2</b> (180)	<b>3.6</b> (90)	<b>3.3</b> (84)	5.0	2	<b>2599.53</b> (16770)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>325.0</b> (147.4)	<b>150.0</b> (162.7)	<b>70.0</b> (31.8)
60	(1500)	24	(610)	<b>7.2</b> (180)	<b>3.6</b> (90)	<b>3.3</b> (84)	4.5	2	<b>3208.97</b> (20703)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>413.0</b> (187.3)	<b>200.0</b> (90.7)	<b>76.0</b> (34.5)
66	(1650)	24	(610)	<b>7.2</b> (180)	<b>3.6</b> (90)	<b>3.3</b> (84)	4.1	2	<b>3839.51</b> (24771)	<b>80</b> (5.5)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>482.0</b> (218.6)	<b>240.0</b> (108.8)	<b>79.0</b> (35.8)
72	(1800)	24	(610)	<b>7.2</b> (180)	<b>3.6</b> (90)	<b>3.3</b> (84)	3.8	2	<b>4526.62</b> (29244)	<b>70</b> (5.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>551.0</b> (249.9)	<b>290.0</b> (131.5)	<b>100.0</b> (45.4)
78	(1950)	24	(610)	<b>6.75</b> (169)	<b>3.75</b> (94)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	5.2	2	<b>5410.60</b> (34907)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>868.0</b> (393.7)	<b>315.0</b> (142.9)	<b>118.0</b> (53.5)
84	(2100)	24	(610)	<b>6.75</b> (169)	<b>3.75</b> (94)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	4.6	2	<b>6221.13</b> (40136)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>942.0</b> (427.3)	<b>350.0</b> (158.0)	<b>130.0</b> (59.0)
96	(2400)	24	(610)	<b>6.75</b> (169)	<b>3.75</b> (94)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	4.0	2	<b>8011.85</b> (51689)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>1495.0</b> (678.1)	<b>367.0</b> (170.5)	<b>144.0</b> (65.3)
108	(2700)	24	(610)	<b>6.75</b> (169)	<b>3.75</b> (94)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	3.4	2	<b>10029.75</b> (64702)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>1682.0</b> (762.9)	<b>425.0</b> (192.7)	<b>169.0</b> (76.7)
120	(3000)	24	(610)	<b>6.75</b> (169)	<b>3.75</b> (94)	<b>3.0</b> (75)	3.0	2	<b>12271.84</b> (79173)	<b>85</b> (6.0)	<b>26</b> (660)	<b>2093.0</b> (949.4)	<b>565.0</b> (256.2)	<b>183.0</b> (83.0)

#### NOTES:

1. Concurrent Movements - Concurrent movements are developed when two or more movements in a pipe system occur at the same time.

If multiple movements exceed single arch design there may be a need for additional arches.

To perform calculation for concurrent movement when a pipe system design has more than one movement, please use the following formula:

<u>Actual Axial Compression</u> + <u>Actual Axial Extension</u> + <u>Actual Lateral (X)</u> + <u>Actual Lateral (Y)</u>

Rated Axial Compression + Rated Axial Extension + Rated Lateral (X) + Rated Lateral (Y)

Calculation must be equal to or less than 1 for expansion joint to operate within concurrent movement capability.

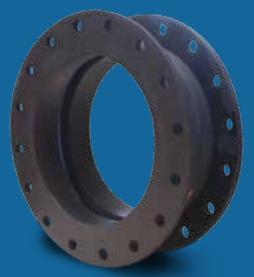
- 2. Filled Arch Rubber Expansion Joints Known as Style FA 233. The Series FA230 rubber expansion joints should be selected when there are 20% or more solids being conveyed in the pipe system. The filled arch products are manufactured with seamless tube filled with a lower durometer rubber in the arch core. The filled arch product will have a 50% reduced movement capability from the information provided in Table 4.
- 3. Pressure rating is based on 170° F operating temperature with a 4:1 safety factor. At higher temperatures, the pressure rating is reduced slightly. Hydrostatic testing at 1.5 times rated maximum catalogue pressure or design working pressure of pipe system for 10 minutes is available upon request.
- 4. Weights are approximate and vary due to length.
- 5. The degree of angular movement is based on the maximum rated extension.
- 6. Torsional movement is expressed when the expansion joint is at neutral length.
- 7. Calculation of Thrust (Thrust Factor). When expansion joints are installed in the pipeline, the static portion of the thrust is calculated as a product of the area of the I.D. of the arch of the expansion joint times the maximum pressure (design, test or surge) that will occur in the line. The result is a force expressed in pounds. Take Design, surge or test pressure X thrust factor to calculate end thrust.
- 8. Parts listed at 26" Hg / 660 mm Hg vacuum have a design rating of 30" Hg / 762 mm Hg (full vacuum). Vacuum rating is based on neutral installed length, without external load. Products should not be installed "extended" on vacuum applications.
- 9. Limit rod unit weight consists of one rod with washers, nuts and two limit rod plates. Multiply number of limit rods needed for the application (as specified in the Fluid Sealing Association's Technical Handbook, Seventh Edition or table 4 in this manual) to determine correct weights.



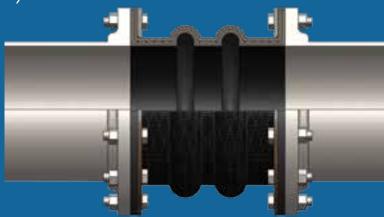


# Series 230

Style 231



Style 232

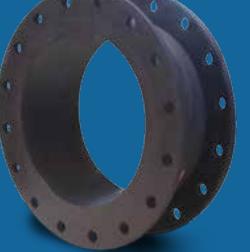






# Series 230 FA











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# Style 230 Drilling Chart

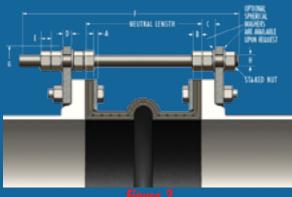
Tab	e 5	Sto	andard Drillin	ng for PR	OCO Rubbe	r Expo	insion J	oints	Thickn	ess of M	laterials	for PROC	O Rubber	Expansio	on Joints	6	ıtrol Unit P	lato Dot	ائم
				Flange	Dimension	<b>s</b> <sup>2</sup>			Mate	rial Thi	ckness	<sup>1</sup> for Bol	t Length	Require	ements	Con	ITTOI UNIT P	late Det	all
	Size nsion 1.D.	Inch ,	e O.D. ⁄ (mm)	Inch	t Circle / (mm)	Number Of Holes	Inch ,	)f Holes / (mm)	Riı Thicl Inch /		Fle Thie Inch	bber inge kness / (mm)	Adjacent <sup>3</sup> Mating Flange Thickness	Rod Thic Inch /	Control 4 Plate kness / (mm)	Plate Inch /	ol Rod <sup>6</sup> e O.D. ⁄ (mm)	R Dian Inch /	mum <sup>7</sup> od neter ' (mm)
1	(25)	4.25	(107.95)	3.13	(79.50)	4	0.625	(15.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)		0.625	(15.9)	8.375	(212.7)	0.625	(15.9)
1.25	(32)	4.63	(117.60)	3.50	(88.90)	4	0.625	(15.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)		0.625	(15.9)	8.750	(222.3)	0.625	(15.9)
1.5	(40)	5.00	(127.00)	3.88	(98.55)	4	0.625	(15.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)		0.375	(9.5)	9.125	(231.8)	0.625	(15.9)
2	(50)	6.00	(152.40)	4.75	(120.65)	4	0.750	(19.1)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)		0.500	(12.7)	10.125	(257.2)	0.625	(15.9)
2.5	(65)	7.00	(177.80)	5.50	(139.70)	4	0.750	(19.1)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)		0.500	(12.7)	11.125	(282.6)	1.000	(25.4)
3	(80)	7.50	(190.50)	6.00	(152.40)	4	0.750	(19.1)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)		0.500	(12.7)	11.625	(295.3)	1.000	(25.4)
3.5	(90)	8.50	(215.90)	7.00	(177.80)	8	0.750	(19.1)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)	C U	0.625	(15.9)	12.625	(320.7)	1.000	(25.4)
4	(100)	9.00	(228.60)	7.50	(190.50)	8	0.750	(19.1)	0.375	(9.53)	0.472	(11.99)	S	0.625	(15.9)	13.125	(333.4)	1.000	(25.4)
5	(125) (150)	10.00 11.00	(254.00) (279.40)	8.50 9.50	(215.90) (241.30)	8	0.875 0.875	(22.2)	0.375	(9.53) (9.53)	0.551 0.551	(14.00) (14.00)	T O	0.625	(15.9) (12.7)	14.125 15.125	(358.8) (384.2)	1.000	(25.4) (25.4)
6 8	(150)	13.50	(342.90)	9.50 11.75	(241.30)	0	0.875	(22.2)	0.375	(9.53)	0.551	(14.00)	м	0.500	(12.7)	19.125	(384.2) (485.8)	1.000	(25.4)
• 10	(200)	16.00	(406.40)	14.25	(361.95)	0 12	1.000	(22.2)	0.375	(9.53)	0.630	(16.00)	E	0.750	(19.1)	21.625	(405.0)	1.000	(25.4)
12	(300)	19.00	(400.40)	14.25	(431.80)	12	1.000	(25.4)	0.375	(9.53)	0.030	(19.00)	R	0.750	(17.1)	24.625	(625.5)	1.000	(25.4)
14	(350)	21.00	(533.40)	18.75	(476.25)	12	1.125	(28.6)	0.375	(9.53)	0.866	(17.00)	Т	0.750	(19.1)	26.625	(676.3)	1.000	(25.4)
16	(400)	23.50	(596.90)	21.25	(539.75)	16	1.125	(28.6)	0.375	(9.53)	0.866	(22.00)	0	0.750	(19.1)	30.125	(765.2)	1.250	(31.8)
18	(450)	25.00	(635.00)	22.75	(577.85)	16	1.250	(31.8)	0.375	(9.53)	0.866	(22.00)	S	0.750	(19.1)	31.625	(803.3)	1.250	(31.8)
20	(500)	27.50	(698.50)	25.00	(635.00)	20	1.250	(31.8)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	P	0.750	(19.1)	34.125	(866.8)	1.250	(31.8)
22	(550)	29.50	(749.30)	27.25	(692.15)	20	1.375	(34.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	E C	1.000	(25.4)	36.125	(917.6)	1.250	(31.8)
24	(600)	32.00	(812.80)	29.50	(749.30)	20	1.375	(34.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	I.	1.000	(25.4)	38.625	(981.1)	1.250	(31.8)
26	(650)	34.25	(869.95)	31.75	(806.32)	24	1.375	(34.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	F	1.000	(25.4)	40.875	(1038.2)	1.250	(31.8)
28	(700)	36.50	(927.10)	34.00	(863.60)	28	1.375	(34.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)		1.250	(31.8)	44.125	(1120.8)	1.500	(38.1)
30	(750)	38.75	(984.25)	36.00	(914.40)	28	1.375	(34.9)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	M	1.250	(31.8)	46.375	(1177.9)	1.500	(38.1)
32	(800)	41.75	(1060.45)	38.50	(977.90)	28	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	A T	1.250	(31.8)	49.375	(1254.1)	1.500	(38.1)
34	(850)	43.75	(1111.25)	40.50	(1028.70)	32	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	i	1.500	(38.1)	52.375	(1330.3)	1.750	(44.5)
36	(900)	46.00	(1168.40)	42.75	(1085.85)	32	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	N G	1.500	(38.1)	54.625	(1387.5)	1.750	(44.5)
38	(950)	48.75	(1238.25)	45.25	(1149.35)	32	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)		1.500	(38.1)	57.375	(1457.3)	1.750	(44.5)
40	(1000)	50.75	(1289.05)	47.25	(1200.15)	36	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	0.984	(24.99)	F	1.500	(38.1)	58.375	(1482.7)	1.750	(44.5)
42	(1050)	53.00	(1346.20)	49.50	(1257.30)	36	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	L	1.500	(38.1)	61.625	(1565.3)	1.750	(44.5)
44	(1100)	55.25	(1403.35)	51.75	(1314.45)	40	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	Ν	1.500	(38.1)	63.875	(1622.4)	1.750	(44.5)
46	(1150)	57.25	(1454.15)	53.75	(1365.25)	40	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	G E	1.500	(38.1)	65.875	(1673.2)	1.750	(44.5)
48	(1200)	59.50	(1511.30)	56.00	(1422.40)	44	1.625	(41.3)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)		1.500	(38.1)	68.125	(1730.4)	1.750	(44.5)
50	(1250)	61.75	(1568.45)	58.25	(1479.55)	44	1.875	(47.6)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	T	1.500	(38.1)	70.375	(1787.5)	1.750	(44.5)
52	(1300)	64.00	(1625.60)	60.50	(1536.70)	44	1.875	(47.6)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	H	1.750	(44.5)	73.625	(1870.7)	2.000	(50.8)
54	(1350)	66.25	(1682.75)	62.75	(1593.85)	44	2.000	(50.8)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	Ċ	2.000	(50.8)	75.875	(1927.2)	2.000	(50.8)
56 59	(1400)	68.75	(1746.25)	65.00	(1651.00)	48	1.875	(47.6)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	K	2.000	(50.8)	78.375	(1990.7)	2.000	(50.8)
58 60	(1450)	71.00	(1803.40)	67.25	(1708.15)	48	1.875	(47.6)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	E	2.000	(50.8)	80.625	(2047.9)	2.000	(50.8)
60 66	(1500) (1650)	73.00 80.00	(1854.20) (2032.00)	69.25 76.00	(1758.95) (1930.40)	52 52	2.000 2.000	(50.8) (50.8)	0.375	(9.53) (9.53)	1.181 1.181	(30.00) (30.00)	S	2.000 2.000	(50.8)	82.625 89.625	(2098.7) (2276.5)	2.000	(50.8) (50.8)
66 68	(1650)	82.25	(2032.00)	78.25	(1930.40)	52	2.000	(50.8)	0.375	(9.53)	1.101	(30.00)	S	2.000	(50.8)	91.875	(2276.5)	2.000	(50.8)
72	(1700)	86.50	(2009.15)	82.50	(1907.55)	60	2.000	(50.8)	0.375	(9.53)	1.101	(30.00)		2.000	(50.8)	96.125	(2333.6)	2.000	(50.8)
72	(1800)	93.00	(2362.20)	89.00	(2075.30)	64	2.000	(53.0)	0.375	(9.53)	1.101	(30.00)		2.000	(50.8)	103.125	(2441.6)	2.000	(50.0)
84	(2100)	99.75	(2533.65)	95.50	(2425.70)	64	2.250	(57.2)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)		2.000	(50.8)	109.875	(2790.8)	2.250	(57.2)
90	(2250)	106.50	(2705.10)	102.00	(2590.80)	68	2.375	(60.3)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)		2.000	(50.8)	117.125	(2975.0)	2.500	(63.5)
96	(2400)	113.25	(2876.55)	102.00	(2755.90)	68	2.500	(63.5)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)		2.000	(50.8)	124.625	(3165.9)	2.750	(69.9)
70	(2400)	11J.LJ	(2010.33)	100.00	(Z/JJ.70)	00	2.300	(00.0)	0.J/J	(7.JJ)	1.101	(00.00)		2.000	(0.0)	124.02J	(0103.7)	<i>L.I</i> JU	(07.7)

Tab	le 5	Sto	ındard Drillii	ng for PR(	OCO Rubber	Expa	nsion Joi	ints	Thickn	ess of N	laterials	for PRO	CO Rubber	Expansio	on Joints	Com	trol Unit Pl	nto Doto	.:
				Flange [	Dimensions	2			Mate	erial Thi	ckness	<sup>1</sup> for B	olt Length	Require	ements	Con		ule velt	
Pipe Expa Joint	ninal Size nsion t I.D. /(mm)		je O.D. / (mm)		t Circle / (mm)	Number Of Holes		)f Holes / (mm)	Rir	ining 1gs (ness (mm)	Fla Thic	bber Inge kness ′ (mm)	Adjacent <sup>3</sup> Mating Flange Thickness	Rod Thic	Control ⁴ Plate kness ∕ (mm)	Plate	l Rod <sup>6</sup> 0.D. ′ (mm)		od neter
102	(2550)	120.00	(3048.00)	114.50	(2908.30)	72	2.625	(66.7)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	to Iting cness	2.000	(50.8)	131.375	(3336.5)	2.750	(69.9)
108	(2700)	126.75	(3219.45)	120.75	(3067.05)	72	2.625	(66.7)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	Customer to Specify Mating Flange Thickness		(50.8)	138.125	(3508.4)	2.750	(69.9)
120	(3000)	140.25	(3562.35)	132.75	(3371.85)	76	2.875	(73.0)	0.375	(9.53)	1.181	(30.00)	Cust Specif Flange	2.000	(50.8)	152.125	(3864.0)	3.000	(76.2)

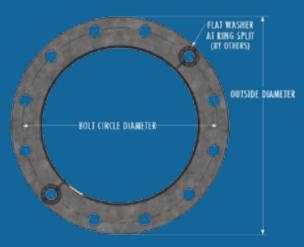
Metric Conversion Formula: Nominal I.D. : in. x 25 = mm; Neutral length: in. x 25.4 = mm

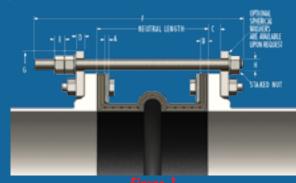
#### Notes:

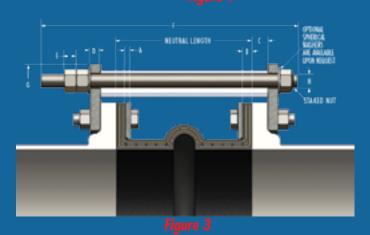
- Limit/Control Rod length is determined by neutral length of rubber expansion joint, rated extension, control rod plate thickness, mating flange thickness and number of nuts. Consult PROCO for rod lengths.
- Flange Dimensions shown are in accordance with ANSI B16.1 and ANSI B16.5 Class 125/150, AWWA C-207-07, Tbl 2 and 3 - Class D, Table 4 - Class E. Hole size shown is 1/8" larger than AWWA Standard.
- Adjacent mating flange thickness is required to determine overall rod length and compression sleeve length (if required).
- Plate thickness is based on a maximum width PROCO would use to design a Limit/Control Rod plate.
- 5. Flat Washers required at ring splits and are by others.
- 6. Control rod plate O.D. installed dimension is based on a maximum O.D. Proco would supply.
- 7. Control rod diameter is based on a maximum diameter Proco would use to design a control rod.
- 8. Additional flange drilling such as 300 LB., PN10, PN16 and other special drilling's are available upon request.
- A Retaining Ring Thickness.
- **B** Rubber Flange Thickness.
- C Adjacent Mating Flange Thickness (By Others).
- **D** Control Unit Plate Thickness.
- E Double Nut Thickness is determined by Control Rod Diameter.
- **F** Control Rod Bolt Length is determined by A through E + OAL <sup>1</sup>.
- G Control Rod Control Rod Plate O.D.
- H Maximum Rod Diameter













# Limit Rods, Control Rods & Compression Sleeves

#### Use of Control Units with Rubber Expansion Joints

#### Definition

A control unit assembly is a system of two or more control rod units (limit rods, tie rods or compression sleeves) placed across an expansion joint from flange to flange to minimize possible damage caused by excessive motion of a pipeline. The control unit assemblies can be set at the maximum allowable expansion and/or contraction of the rubber expansion joint. When used in this manner, control units are an additional safety factor and can minimize possible damage to adjacent equipment.

Rubber expansion joints should be installed between two fixed anchor points in a piping system. The pipe system must be rigidly anchored on both sides of the expansion joint to control expansion or contraction of the line. Piping anchors must be capable of withstanding the line thrusts generated by internal pressure or wide temperature fluctuations.

When proper anchoring cannot be provided, **CONTROL UNITS ARE REQUIRED.** For un-anchored piping systems nuts shall be tightened snug against rod plate to prevent over extension due to pressure thrust created by expansion joint. Refer to "Thrust Factor in Table 2, note 5 in this manual.

Listed below are three (3) control unit configurations supplied by PROCO and are commonly used with rubber expansion joints in piping systems.

#### Figure

Known as a **LIMIT ROD**, this control unit configuration will allow an expansion joint to extend to a predetermined extension setting. Nuts shall be field set to no more than the maximum allowable extension movement of a rubber expansion joint (unless used in an un-anchored system). Refer to Table 2 in this manual for allowable movement capabilities. Spherical washers can also be furnished (upon request) to combat any "nut to plate" binding during offset. *Consult the systems engineer for proper nut settings prior to system operation.* 

#### Figure

Known as a **LIMIT/CONTROL ROD**, this control unit configuration is used to allow specified pipe expansion (expansion joint axial compression) and pipe contraction (expansion joint axial extension) movements. Nuts shall be field set to no more than the maximum allowable extension (unless used in an un-anchored pipe system) or compression of a rubber expansion joint. Refer to Table 2 in this manual for allowable movement capabilities. Internal and external nuts can also be field set to allow for no movement in the horizontal plane. This setting will allow the rubber to move laterally while keeping expansion joint thrust forces low on adjacent equipment. Spherical washers can also be furnished (upon request) to combat any potential "nut to plate" binding during offset. *Limit/Control rods with internal nuts must be specified at the time of inquiry. Consult the systems engineer for proper nut settings prior to system operation.* 

#### Figure

Known as a **COMPRESSION SLEEVE**, this configuration is used to allow for specified pipe expansion (expansion joint axial compression) and pipe contraction (expansion joint extension) movements. Nuts shall be field set to no more than the maximum allowable extension (unless used in an un-anchored pipe system) of a rubber expansion joint. Refer to Table 2 in this manual for allowable movement capabilities. PROCO will supply each compression sleeve to allow for no axial movement unless otherwise specified by the purchaser. Compression sleeves shall be field trimmed to meet required allowable axial movement as set forth by system requirements. Spherical washers can also be furnished (upon request) to combat any potential "nut to plate" binding during offset. *Consult the systems engineer for proper sleeve lengths prior to system operation.* 

#### Important Control Unit Consideration

The number of rods, control rod diameters and control rod plate thicknesses are important considerations when specifying control units for an application. As a minimum, specifying engineers or purchasers shall follow the guidelines as set forth in Appendix C of the Fluid Sealing Association's Technical Handbook, Seventh Edition. PROCO engineers its control unit assemblies to system requirements. Our designs incorporate an allowable stress of 65% of material yield for each rod and plate (rod and plate material to be specified by purchaser). Therefore, it is important to provide pressure and temperature ratings to PROCO when requesting control units for rubber expansion joints. It is also important to provide adjacent mating flange thickness or mating specifications to ensure correct rod lengths are provided.

#### Installation Instructions for Control Rods

1. Assemble expansion joint between pipe flanges in its manufactured face-to-face length. Install the retaining rings furnished with the expansion joint.

2. Assemble control rod plates behind pipe flanges as shown. Flange bolts or all thread studs through the control rod plate must be longer to accommodate the plate thickness. Control rod plates should be equally spaced around the flange. Depending upon the size and pressure rating of the system, 2, 3, 4, or more control/ limit rods may be required. Refer to Table 4 in this manual or to the Fluid Sealing Association's Technical Handbook, Seventh Edition, page 23 for control rod pressure ratings.

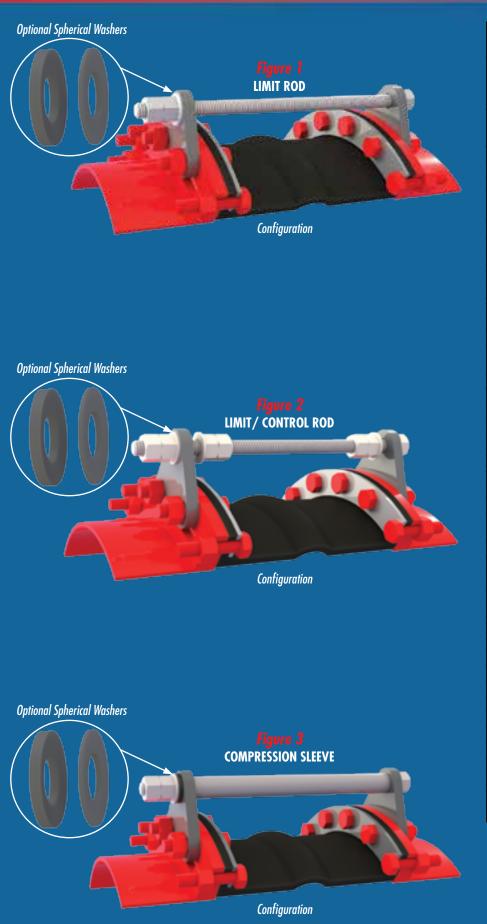
3. Insert control/limit rods through top plate holes. Steel flat washers are to be positioned at outer plate surface.

4. If a single nut per unit is furnished, position this nut so that there is a gap between the nut and the steel flat washer. This gap is equal to the joints maximum extension (commencing with the nominal face-to-face length). To lock this nut in position, either "stake" the thread in two places or tack weld the nut to the rod. If two nuts are supplied, the nuts will create a "jamming" effect to prevent loosening. (Nuts should be snug against flat washer and control rod plate when piping system is un-anchored.)

Note: Consult the manufacturer if there are any questions as to the rated compression and elongation. These two dimensions are critical in setting the nuts and sizing the compression pipe sleeve (if supplied).

5. If there is a requirement for compression pipe sleeves, ordinary pipe may be used, sized in length to allow the joint to be compressed to its normal limit.

6. If there is a requirement for optional spherical washers, these washers are to be positioned at outer plate surface and backed up by movable double nuts.



Tab	ole 6	Maximum Surge or Test			
		Pressure of the Systems			
Nominal		Number of Control Rods			
	e Size	Recommended			
Expansion Joint I.D.					
Inch /(mm)		2	4	6	8
2	(51)	661	•	•	•
4	(102)	311	622	•	•
6	(152)	186	371	•	•
8	(203)	163	326	•	•
10	(254)	163	325	488	•
12	(305)	160	320	481	•
14	(356)	112	223	335	•
16	(406)	113	227	340	453
18	(457)	94	187	281	375
20	(508)	79	158	236	315
22	(559)	85	171	256	342
24	(610)	74	147	221	294
26	(660)	62	124	186	248
28	(711)	65	130	195	261
30	(762)	70	141	211	281
32	(813)	63	125	188	251
34	(864)	72	143	215	286
36	(914)	69	138	207	276
38	(965)	63	125	188	251
40	(1016)	42	85	127	169
42	(1067)	48	96	144	192
44	(1118)	44	88	133	177
46	(1168)	41	82	122	163
48	(1219)	40	81	141	161
50	(1270)	37	75	112	150
52	(1321)	35	70	105	140
54	(1372)	43	86	128	171
56	(1422)	40	80	120	160
58	(1473)	38	75	113	150
60	(1524)	35	71	106	141
62 66	(1575) (1676)	33 30	66 59	100 89	133 119
66 72	(1676)	25	59	75	119
72 78	(1029)	23	56	84	112
84	(2134)	20	49	73	98
90	(2286)	24	53	79	106
98	(2489)	20	58	86	115
102	(2591)	25	51	76	102
108	(2743)	23	46	75	92
120	(3048)	18	37	56	75

#### Notes:

1. Pressures listed above do not relate to the actual design pressure of the expansion joint products, but are the maximum surge or pressure for a specific control rod nominal pipe size.

# **1. Service Conditions:**

Make sure the expansion joint rating for temperature, pressure, vacuum and movements match the system requirements. Contact the manufacturer for advice if the system requirements exceed those of the expansion joint selected. Check to make sure the elastomer selected is chemically compatible with the process fluid or gas.

### 2. Alignment:

Expansion joints are normally not designed to make up for piping misalignment errors. Piping should be lined up within 1/8". Misalignment reduces the rated movements of the expansion joint and can induce severe stress and reduce service life. Pipe guides should be installed to keep the pipe aligned and to prevent undue displacement.

# 3. Anchoring:

Solid anchoring is required wherever the pipeline changes direction and expansion joints should be located as close as possible to anchor points. If piping is not adequately anchored, control rods should be used. If anchors are not used, pressure thrust may cause excessive movement damaging the expansion joint.

## 4. Pipe Support:

Piping must be supported by hangers or anchors so expansion joints do not carry any pipe weight.

## 5. Mating Flanges:

Install the expansion joint against the mating pipe flanges and install bolts so that the bolt head and washer are against the retaining rings. If washers are not used, flange leakage can result — particularly at the split in the retaining rings. Flange-to-flange dimension of the expansion joint must match the breech opening. Make sure the mating flanges are clean and are flat faced type or no more than 1/16'' raised face type. Never install expansion joints that utilize split retaining rings next to wafer type check or butterfly valves. Serious damage can result to a rubber joint of this type unless installed against full face flanges.

## 6. Bolting Torque

Table 7 shows the recommended torque ranges for non-metallic expansion joints with full-faced rubber flanges: Torque specifications are approximate. Tighten bolts in stages using cross-bolt tightening pattern. If the joint has integral fabric and rubber flanges, the bolts should be tight enough to make the rubber flange OD bulge between the retaining rings and the mating flange. After installation, the system should be pressurized and examined to confirm a proper seal. Torque bolts sufficiently to assure leak free operation at hydrostatic test pressure. Note: Torque values are approximate due to mating flange surfaces, installation offsets, operating pressures and environmental conditions.

### 7. Storage:

Ideal storage is in a warehouse with a relatively dry, cool location. Store flanges face down on a pallet or wooden platform. Do not store other heavy items on top of expansion joints. Ten year shelf life can be expected with ideal conditions. If storage must be outdoors, place on wooden platform and joints should not be in contact with the ground. Cover with a tarpaulin.

### 8. Large Joint Handling:

Do not lift with ropes or bars through the bolt holes. If lifting through the bore, use padding or a saddle to distribute the weight. Make sure cables or forklift tines do not contact the rubber. Do not let expansion joints sit vertically on the edges of the flanges for any period of time.

### 9. Additional Tips:

- A. Do not insulate over a non-metallic expansion joint; however, if insulation is required, it should be made removable to permit easy access to the flanges. This facilitates periodic inspection of the tightness of the joint bolting.
- B. It is acceptable (but not necessary) to lubricate the expansion joint flanges with a thin film of graphite dispersed in glycerin or water to ease disassembly at a later time.
- C. Do not weld in the near vicinity of a non-metallic joint.
- D. If expansion joints are to be installed underground, or will be submerged in water, contact manufacturer for specific recommendations.
- E. If the expansion joint will be installed outdoors, make sure the cover material will withstand ozone, sunlight, etc.
- F. Check the tightness of lead-free flanges two or three weeks after installation and retighten if necessary.

Warning: Expansion joints may operate in pipelines or equipment carrying fluids and/or gasses at elevated temperature and pressures and may transport hazardous materials. Precautions should be taken to protect personnel in the event of leakage or splash. Rubber joints should not be installed in areas where inspection is impossible. Make sure proper drainage is available in the event of leakage when operating personnel are not available.

Table 7	Approximate		
Size	<b>Torque Values</b>		
1″ THRU 2″	20 - 40 ft/lbs		
2.5" THRU 5"	25 - 60 ft/lbs		
6" THRU 12"	35 - 140 ft/lbs		
14" THRU 18"	50 - 180 ft/lbs		
20" THRU 24"	60 - 200 ft/lbs		
26" THRU 40"	70 - 300 ft/lbs		
42" THRU 50"	80 - 300 ft/lbs		
52" THRU 60"	100 - 400 ft/lbs		
66" THRU 72"	200 - 500 ft/lbs		
78″ THRU 90″	300 - 600 ft/lbs		
96" THRU 108"	400 - 700 ft/lbs		
120″	500 - 800 ft/lbs		

# **Piping System Layout Examples**

# **Anchored System**



# Anchored System Note:

Although limit rods, control rods or limit rods with compression sleeves are not required in an anchored pipe system, you may want to consider using them. If an anchor were to fail, any rod configuration would be capable of handling the pressure thrust of the system and lessen the likelihood of an expansion joint failure.

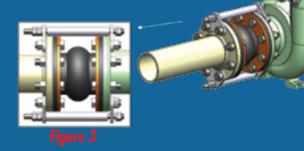


Figure 3

### Un-Anchored System Note:

Pump

Rod sets should be installed so that external nuts are snug against the plate at installation. Pressure thrust of the pipe system can cause expansion joint to over-elongate and reduce movement capabilities.





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Pump

# **ALSO AVAILABLE FROM** Proco Products, Inc.

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Proco Products, Inc. can supply an Integral Tie Rod Design Joint when space prohibits use of typical rod designs. Integral Tie Rod Designs can also be used for installations on HDPE or Plastic Pipe Systems where thrust loads can be evenly distributed under pressure.



Toll-Free Phone: (800) 344-3246 Facsimile: (209) 943-0242 (209) 943-6088 INTERNATIONAL email: sales@procoproducts.com website: http://www.procoproducts.com

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